

New Tools for Creping Process Control

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New Tools for Creping Process Control Agenda

- **Coating Space**
A 3D View of Yankee Dryer Coatings
- **Effects of Modifying Agents on Adhesive
Film Properties**
- **Embedded Sheet Structures**
Impact On Tissue Properties

Coating Space

A 3D View of Yankee Dryer Coatings

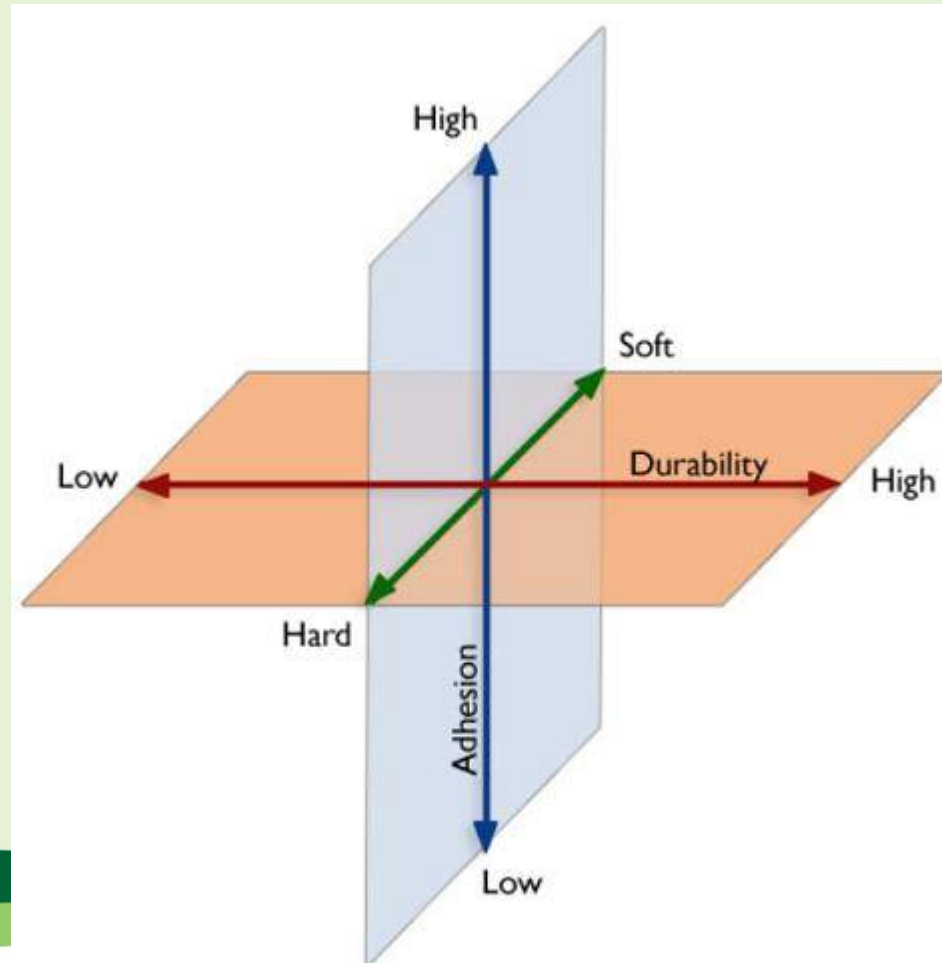
BACKGROUND



- **Industry Trends**
 - Improved properties (softness)
 - Low moisture creping
 - TAD
- **Coating Needs**
 - Improved uniformity
 - Increased stability
 - Higher adhesion
 - Softer

COATING SPACE

A 3 D VIEW OF YANKEE COATINGS



ADHESION

Adhesion – Adhesion is the degree to which the tissue is attached to the creping cylinder.

There are two locations on the creping cylinder where adequate adhesion levels are critical:
SPR and Creping Blade

SOFTNESS

Coating Softness – Softness is a term related to the viscoelastic properties of the coating. A softer coating has a lower modulus, is more flexible and is less brittle.

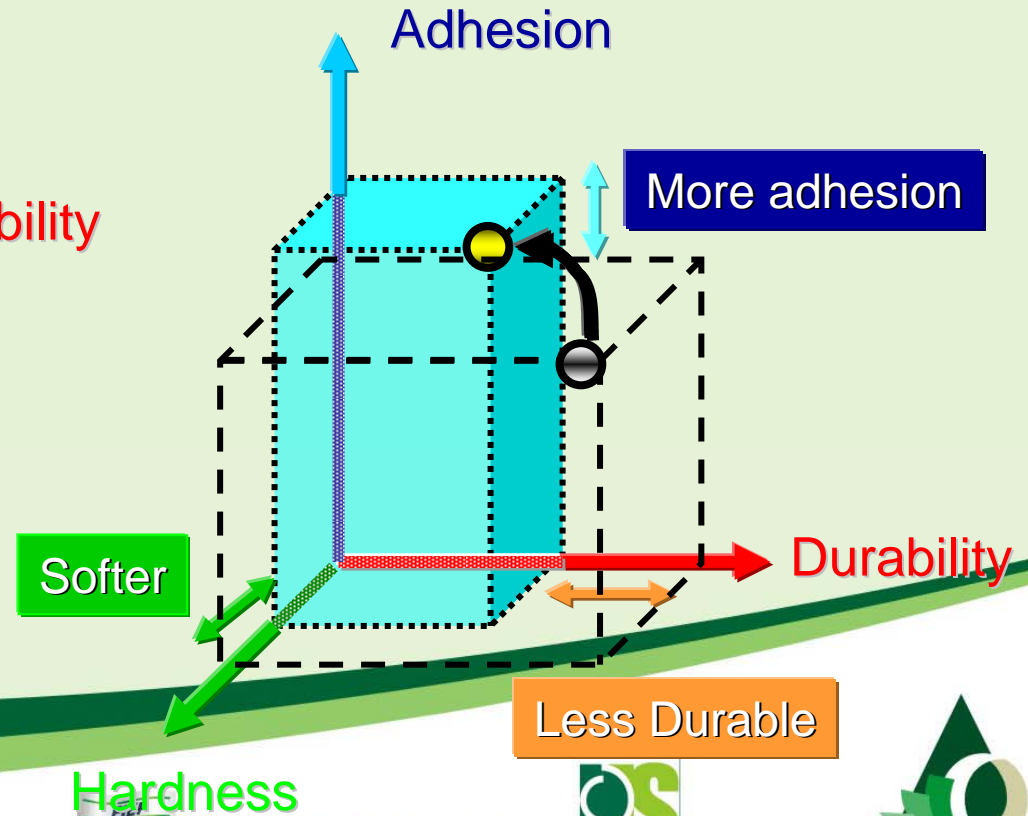
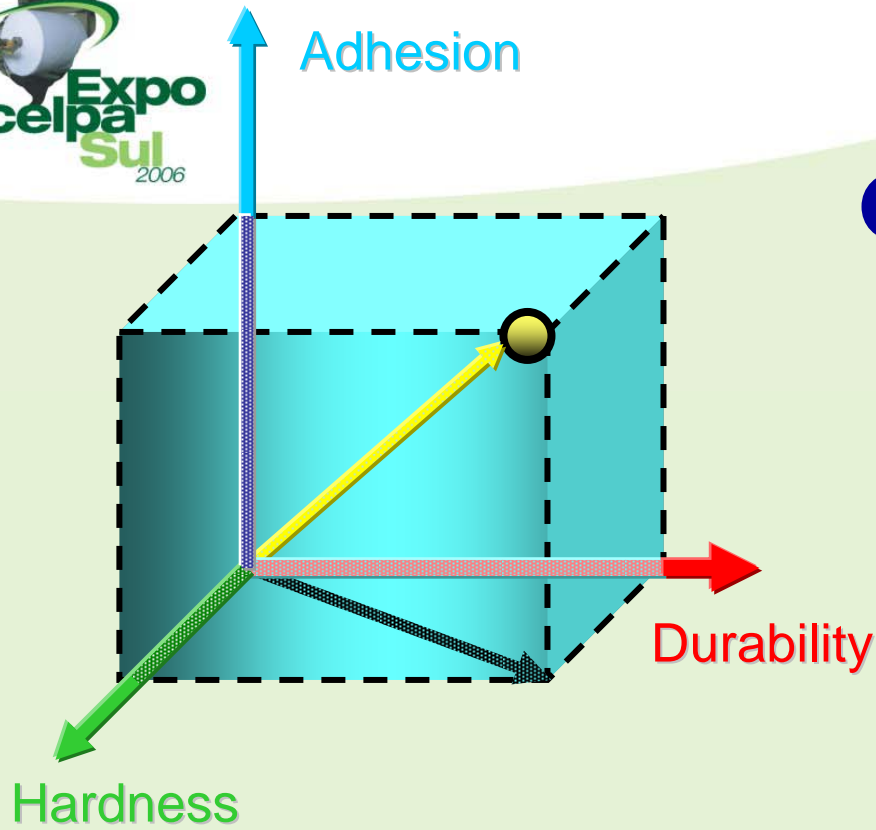
A soft coating re-wets more easily than a hard coating.

DURABILITY

Durability – This coating property is normally localized to the SPR nip. A durable coating has sufficient integrity to resist the dynamic hydraulic pressure and movement at the SPR, yet still facilitates sheet transfer and avoids felt filling.

If the coating is too moisture sensitive (not durable enough), it is probable that the coating will be washed off the creping cylinder surface.

COATING SPACE



Hardness



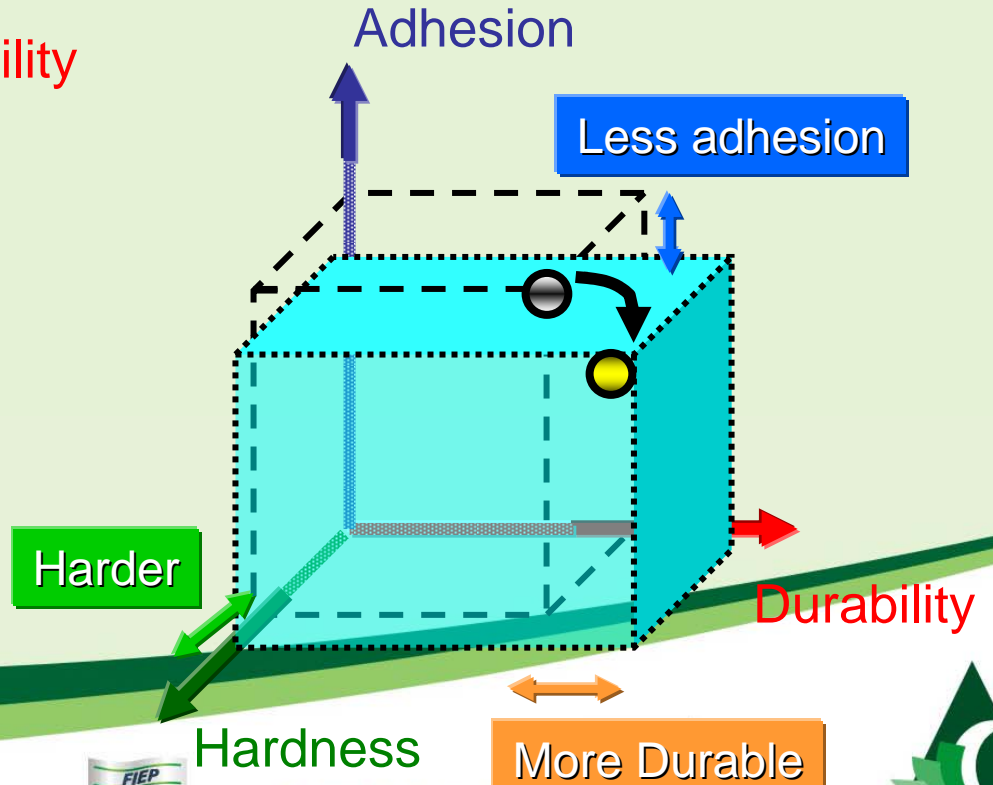
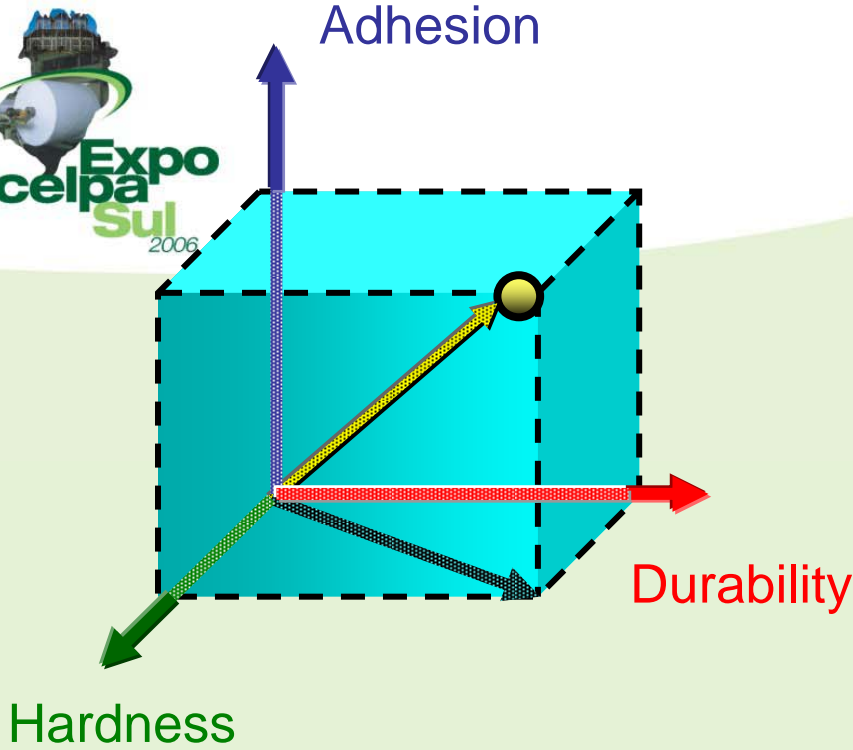
SENAI



UNISCEPA
Universidade Setorial
de Celulose e Papel



Using Crosslinking



USING COATING SPACE

Purpose

- **More Stretch**
- **More Softness**
- **Same Crepe ratio/Same BW/Same Speed**

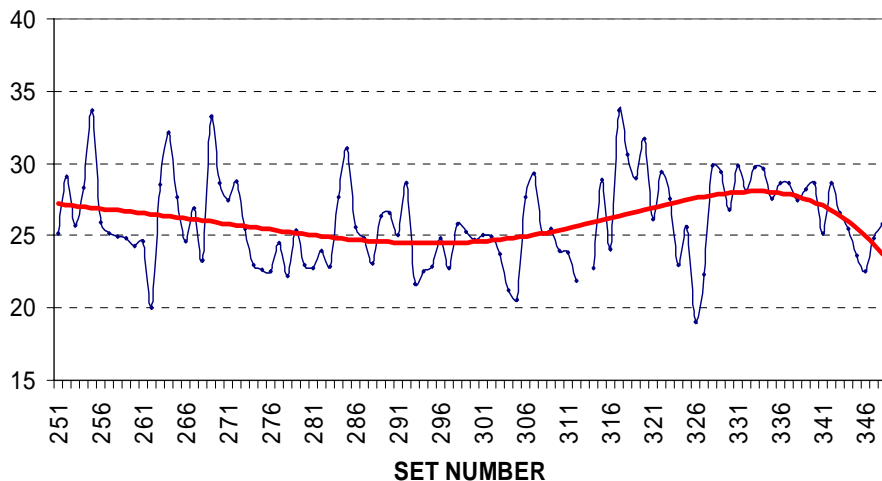
USING COATING SPACE

Strategy

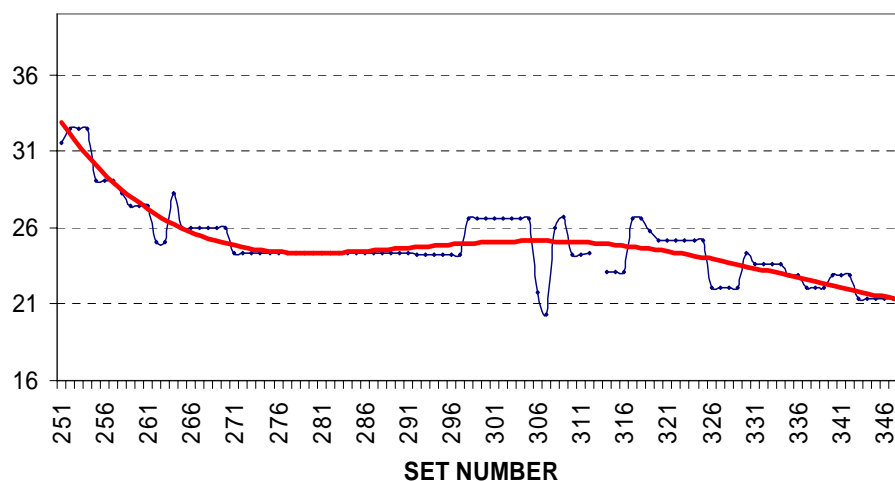
- Softer Coating
- Less Durable
- More Adhesive

USING COATING SPACE

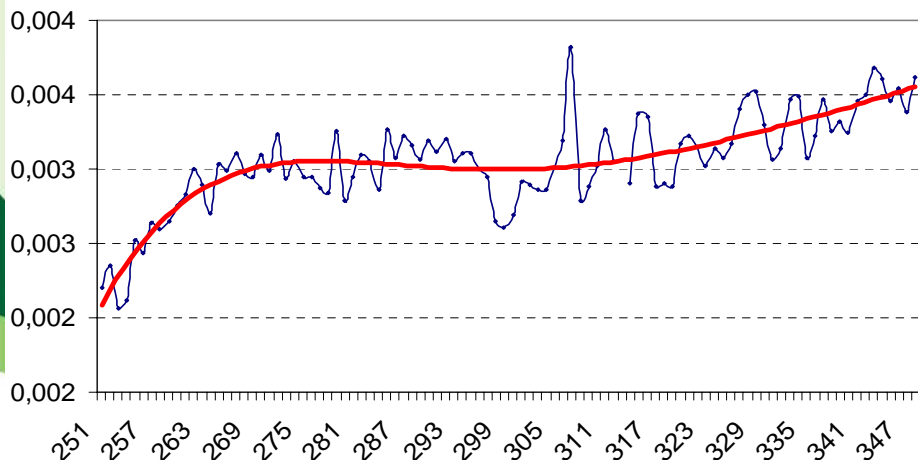
MDS



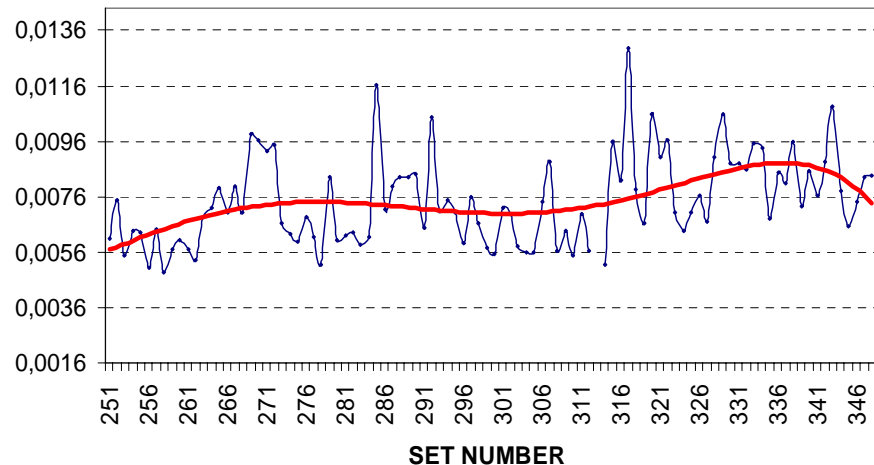
%C



BULK / BW / % CREPE



MDS / %C / MDT



Effects of Modifying Agents on Adhesive Film Properties

YANKEE COATING MODIFIERS

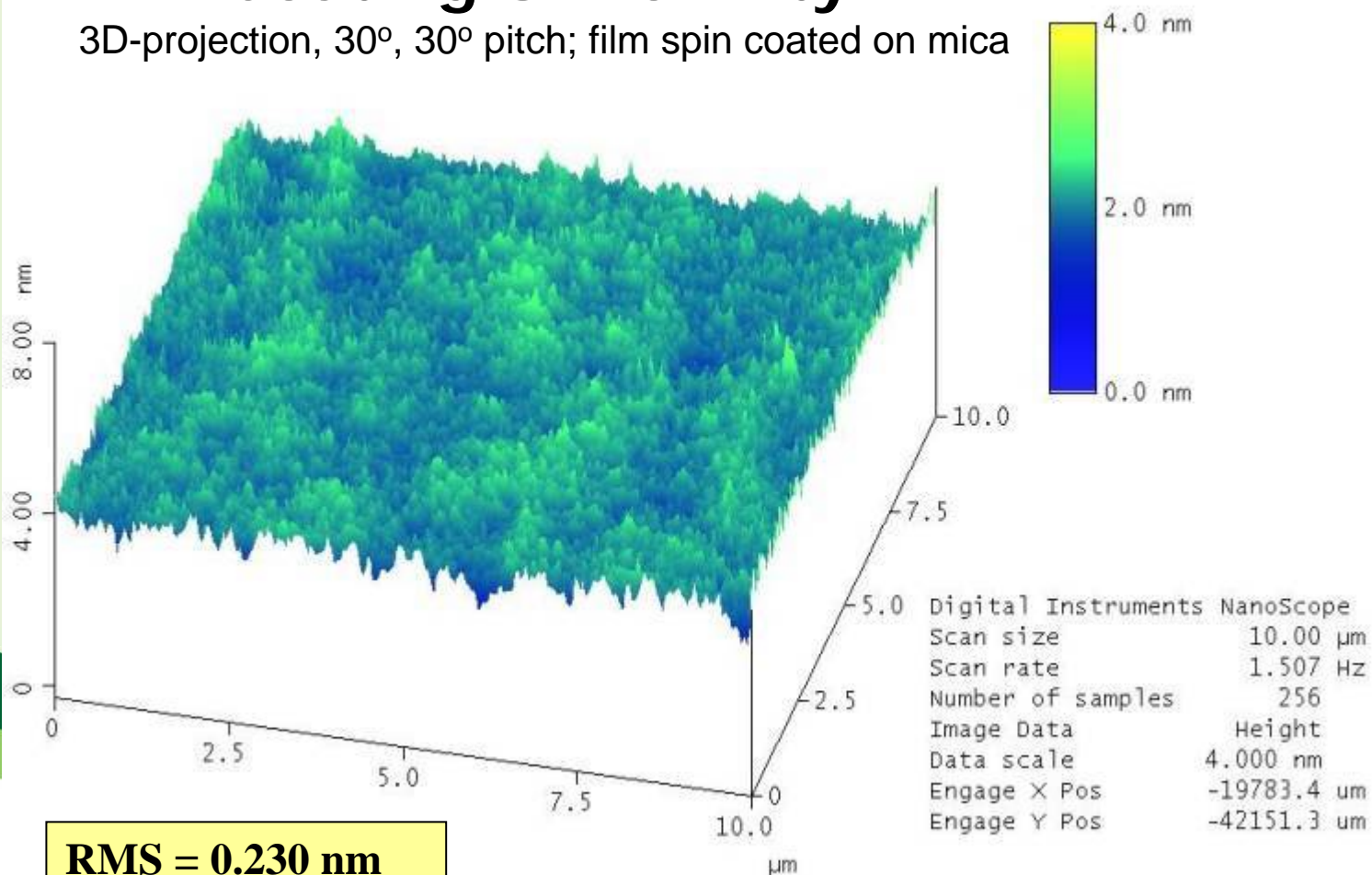
- Functions
 - Modify coating physical properties
 - Improve coating uniformity
 - Provide required release
- Types
 - Surfactants
 - Inorganics
 - Humectants

Sample ID	Description
M-1	Cationic surfactant blend
M-2	Nonionic surfactant
M-3	Humectant 1
M-4	Inorganic phosphate
M-5	Humectant 2
RO	Release oil – hydrocarbon oil + emulsifying surfactant

AFM HEIGHT IMAGE OF YANKEE ADHESIVE, PAE-1

Coating Uniformity

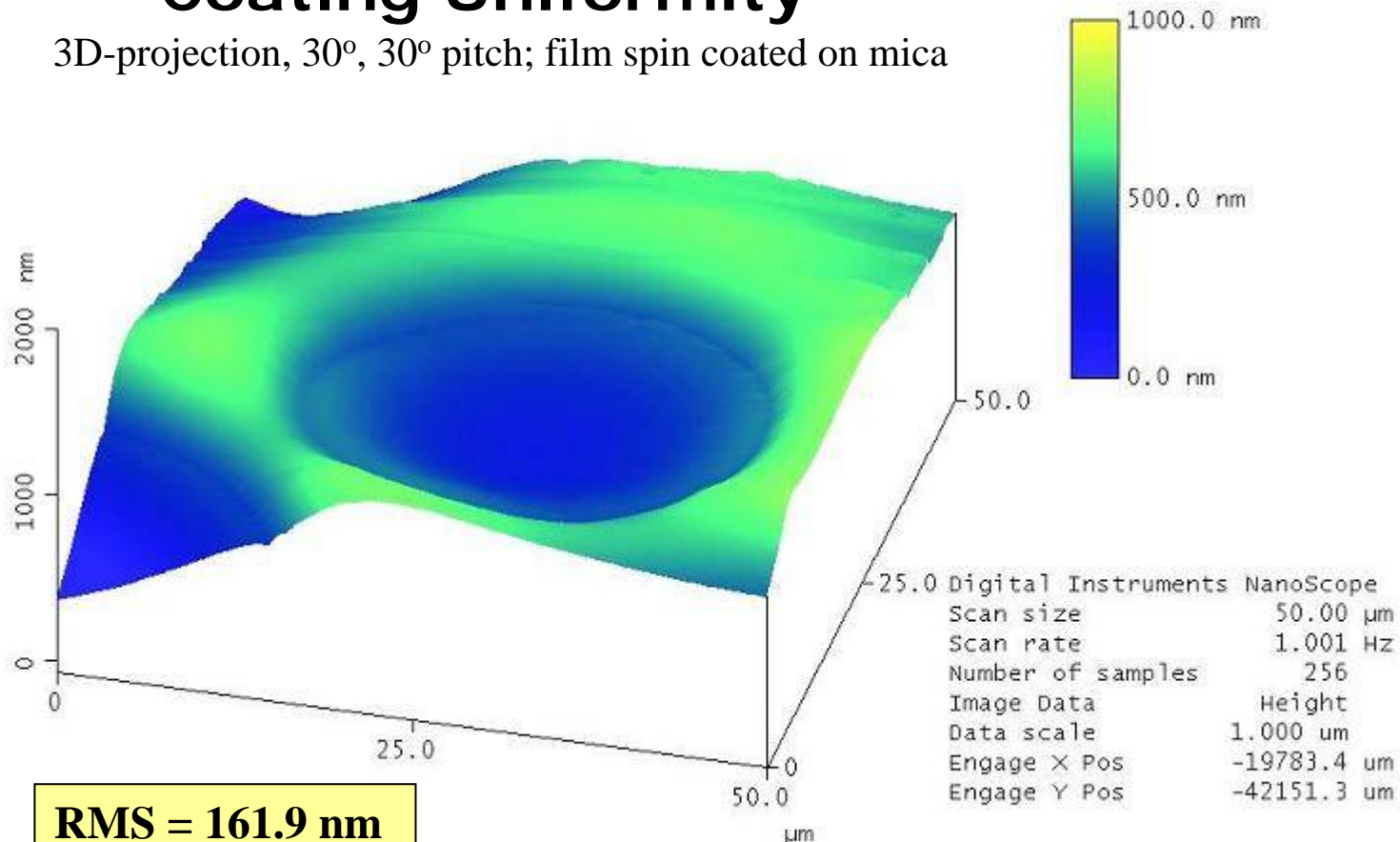
3D-projection, 30°, 30° pitch; film spin coated on mica



AFM HEIGHT IMAGE MIXTURE OF PAE-1, RO (1:1, actives based)

Coating Uniformity

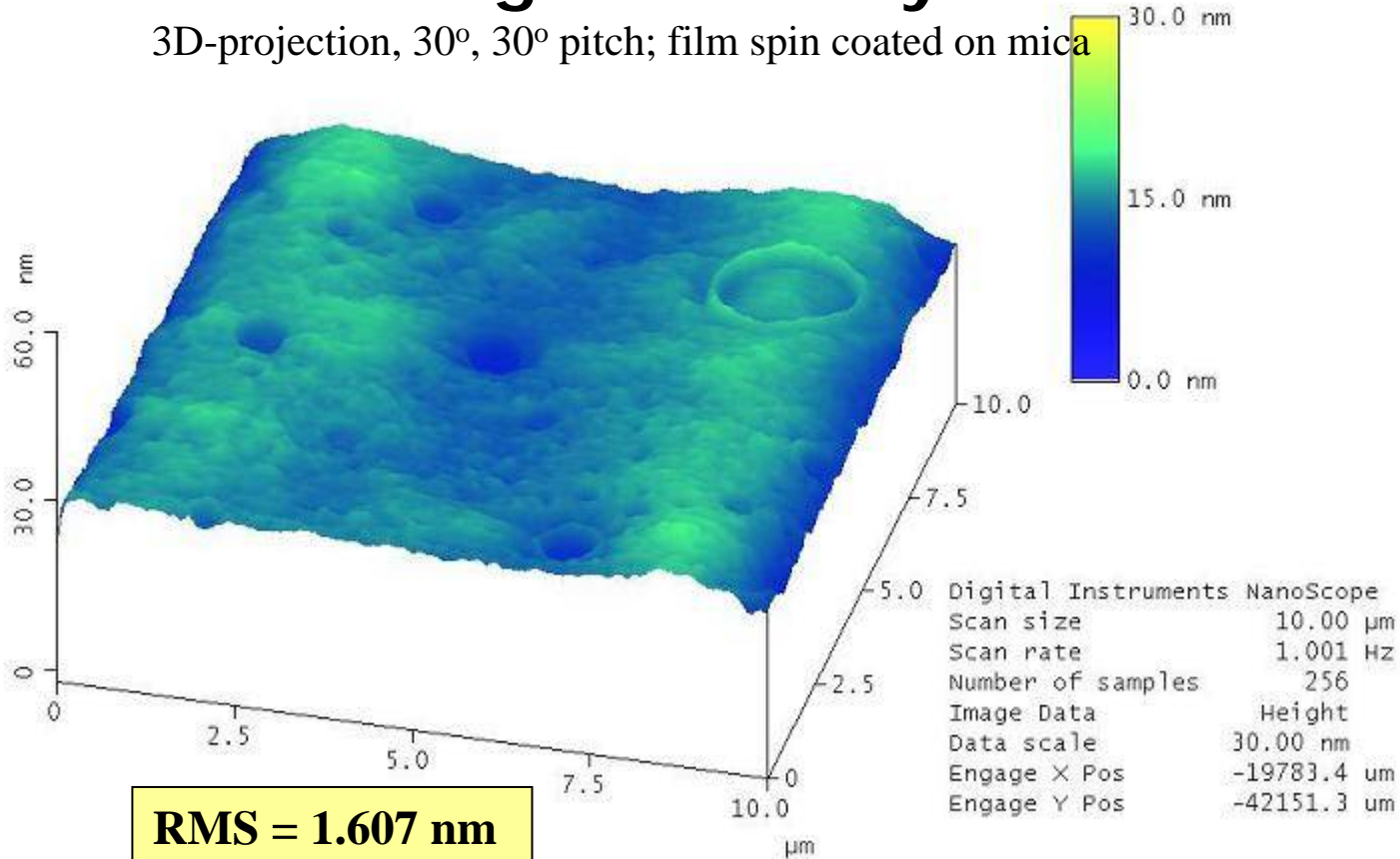
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AFM HEIGHT IMAGE MIXTURE OF PAE-1, M-1 (5%, actives based)

Coating Uniformity

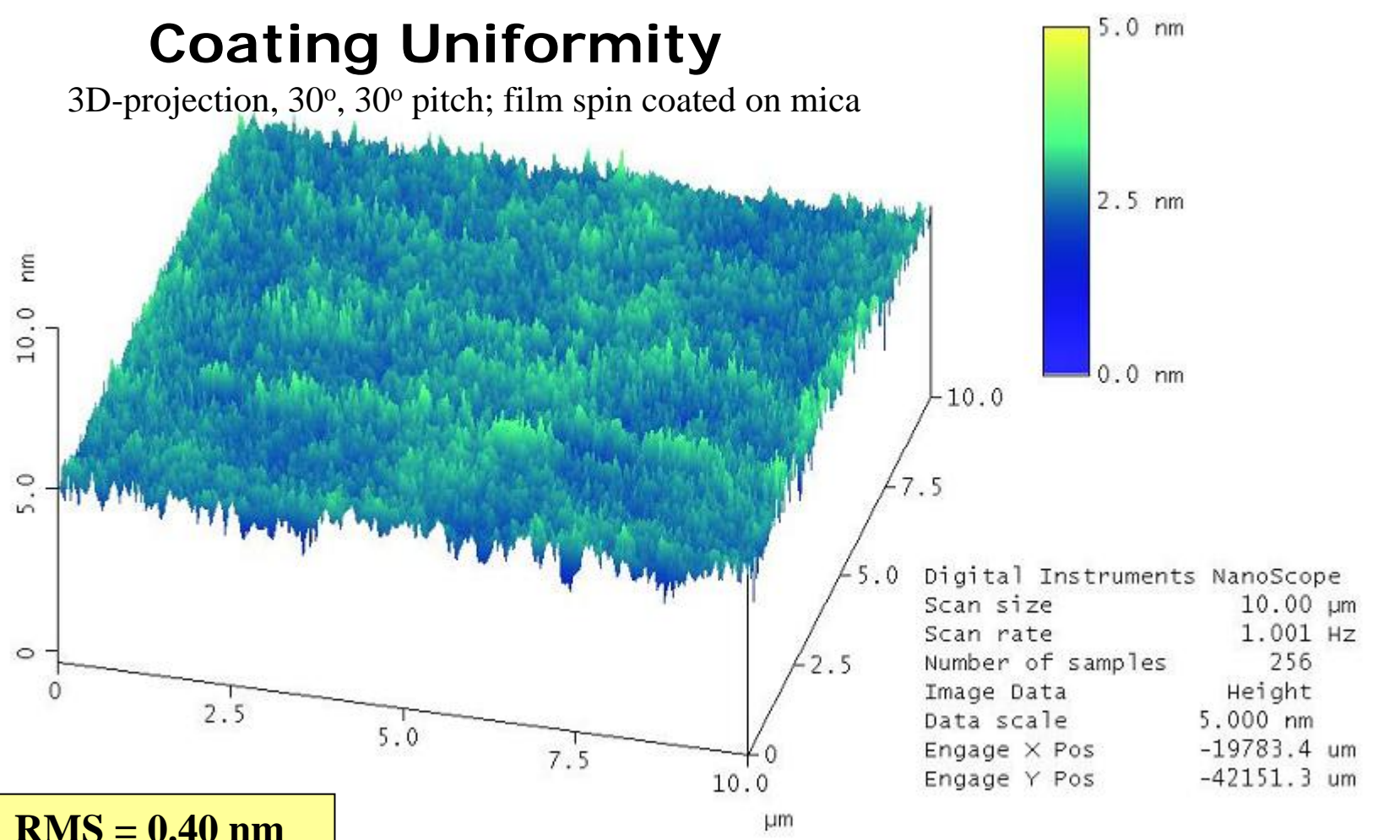
3D-projection, 30°, 30° pitch; film spin coated on mica



AFM HEIGHT IMAGE MIXTURE OF PAE-1, M-3 (20%, actives based)

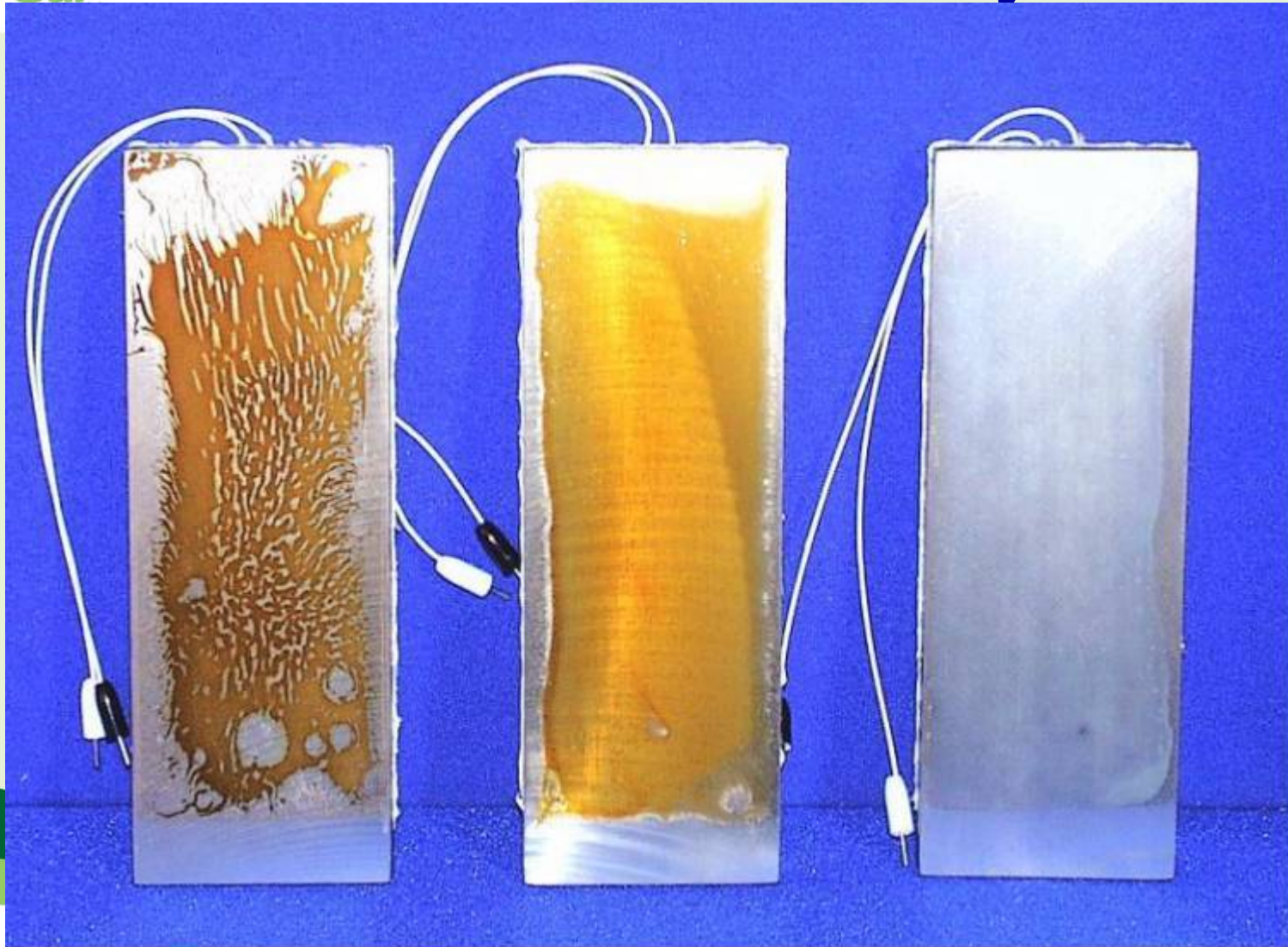
Coating Uniformity

3D-projection, 30°, 30° pitch; film spin coated on mica



RMS = 0.40 nm

Adhesive Study



CASE STUDY

Mill Overview

	Conditions	
	Old	New
Machine	5000 fpm TWF	same
Product	Bath Tissue	same
Creping Moisture	4.5%	2.5%
Coating Program	PAE/RO	PAE/M-3

Analysis of Business Situation

Key Drivers

- Bulk
- Handfeel

Challenge/Opportunity

- Improve tissue quality while maintaining productivity



Results

- ↑ Bulk
- ↑ Stretch
- ↑ Handfeel
- ↑ Productivity

CONCLUSIONS

- Modifiers can effectively alter adhesive and material properties of Yankee coatings.
 - Uniformity
 - Adhesion
 - Softness
- A variety of tests are needed in characterizing a coating system and in helping to predict performance.

Embedded Sheet Structures Impact On Tissue Properties

BACKGROUND

- Everyday the challenge of the tissue maker is produce quality Tissue products that meet and/or exceed the desires of the customer and end user.
- Softness is of prime concern to a large portion of the tissue produced for the tissue market.
- Creping is a key transformation that creates many of the properties desired by the customer.
- For creping to be optimized all unit operations ahead of this transformation must be optimized.

FORMATION

- Formation of the sheet has a major impact on the final sheet properties that can be developed at the creping transformation.
- Embedded structures within the sheet due to wire design and operation of the wet end can lead to improved sheet properties.
- Understanding (utilizing FFT technologies) can lead to processes that will deliver improved and predicted sheet properties.

DISCUSSION TOPICS

- Wire design and embedded structures
- Impact of embedded structures on the creping process
- Explanation of the FFT technology
- Case Study

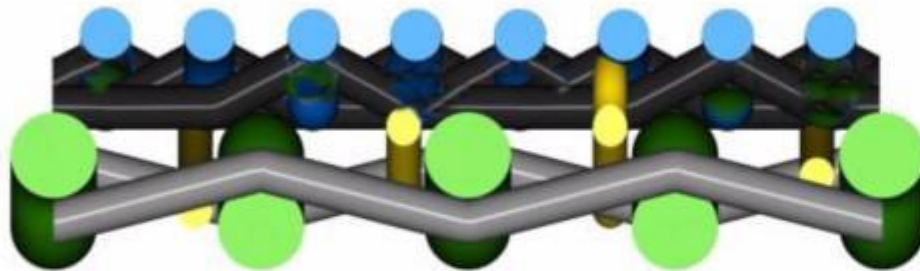
FORMATION AND WIRE DESIGN



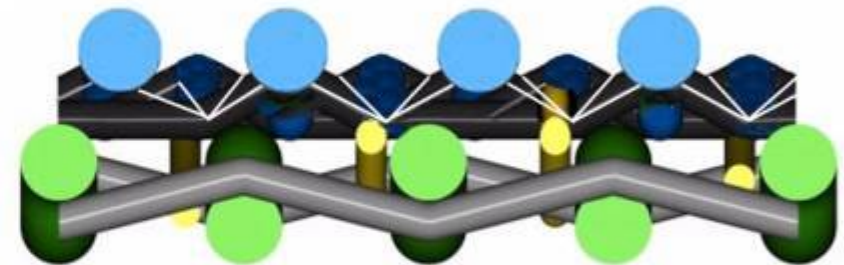
Dimensionally Uniform



Embedded Structures



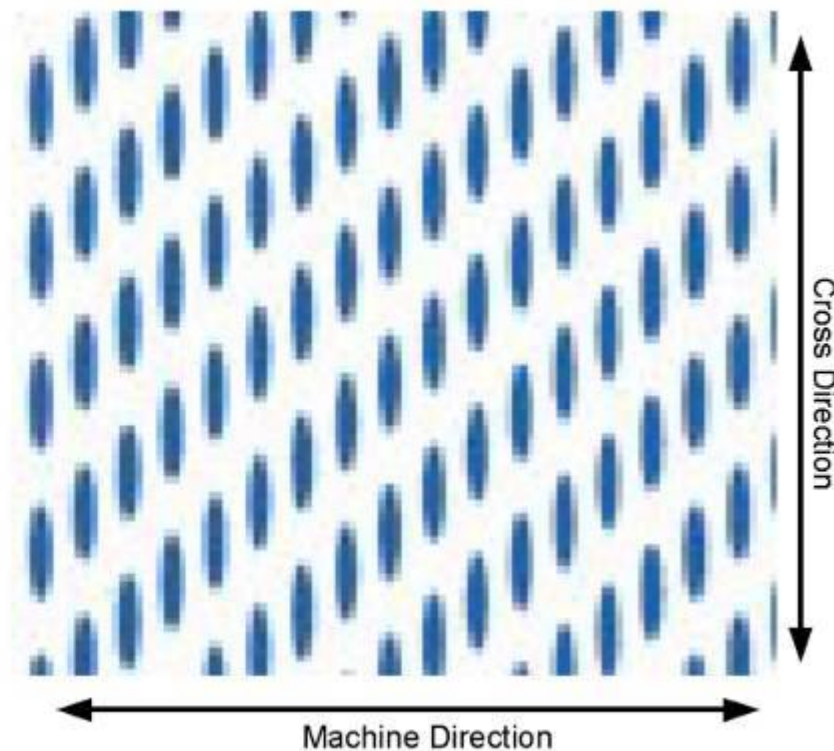
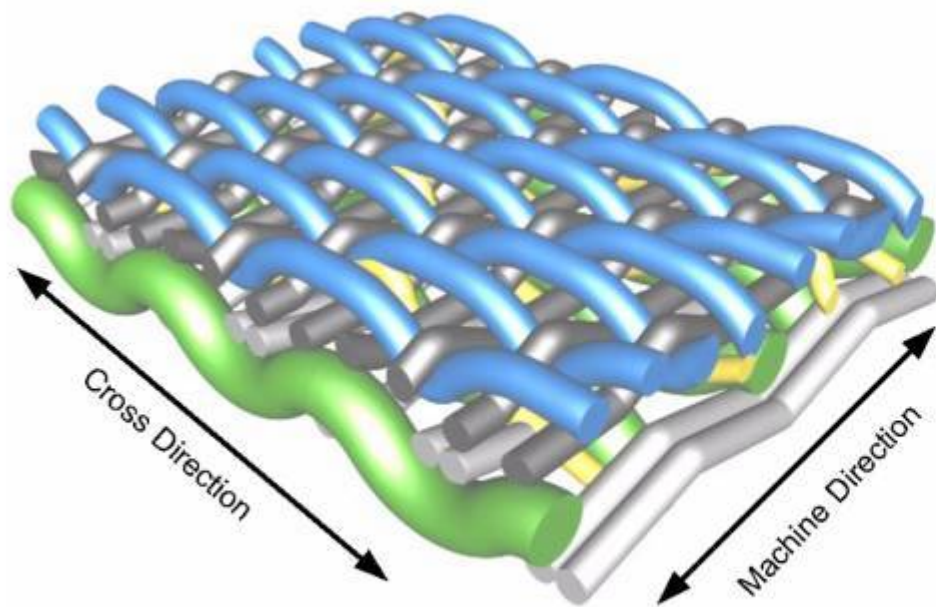
High Forming Surface Fiber Support



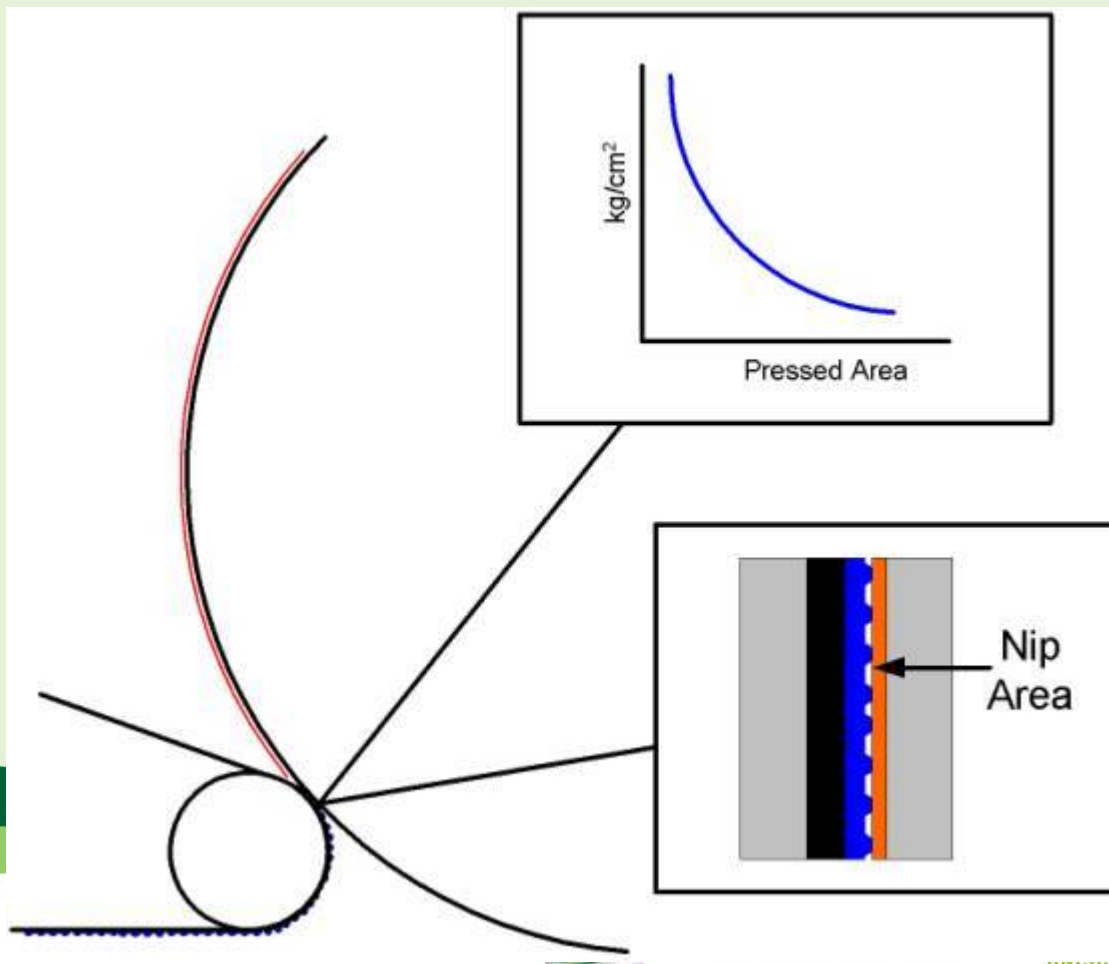
Significant Surface Topography

Machine Direction

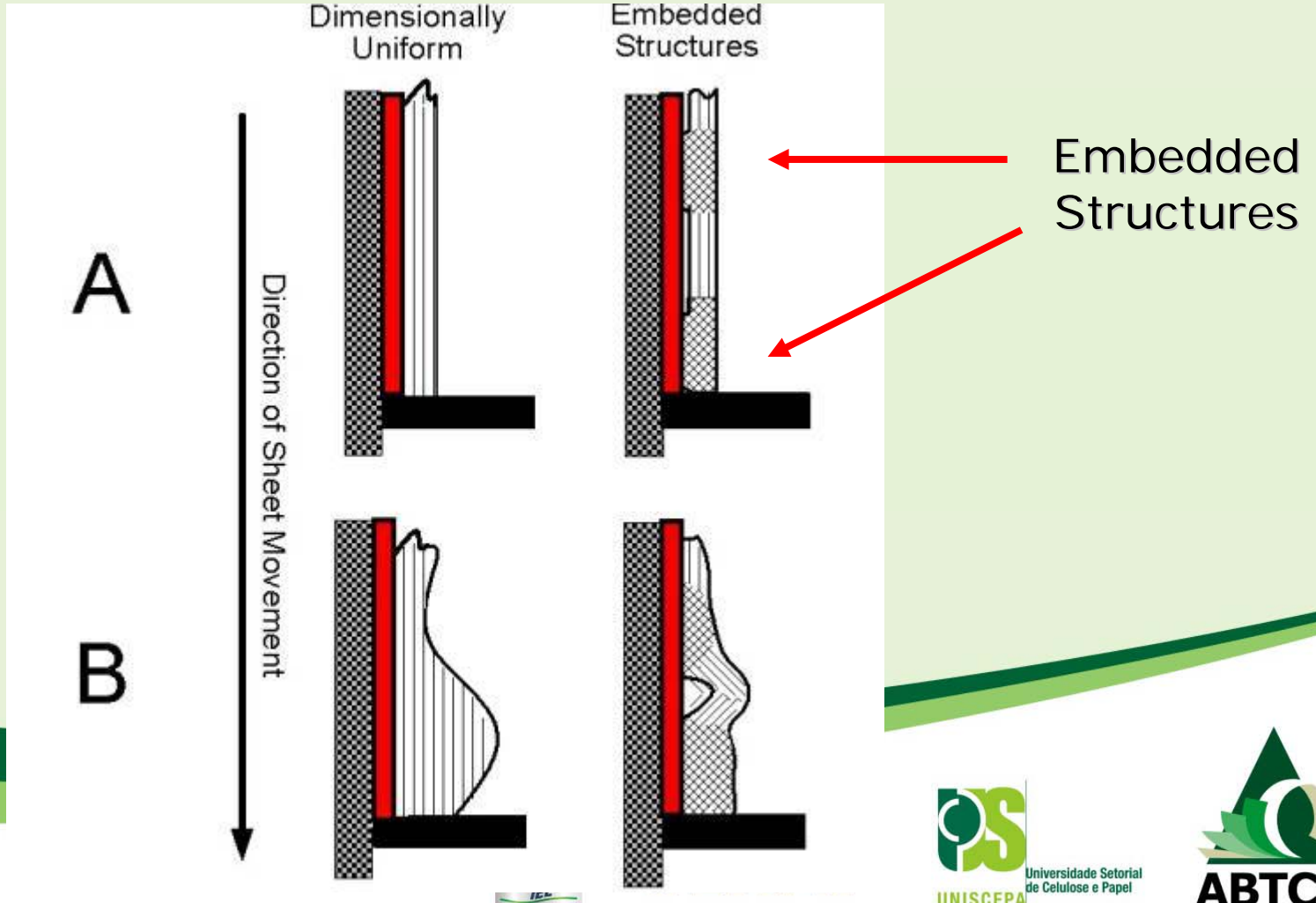
FORMATION AND WIRE DESIGN



FORMATION AND LAMINATION TO THE YANKEE

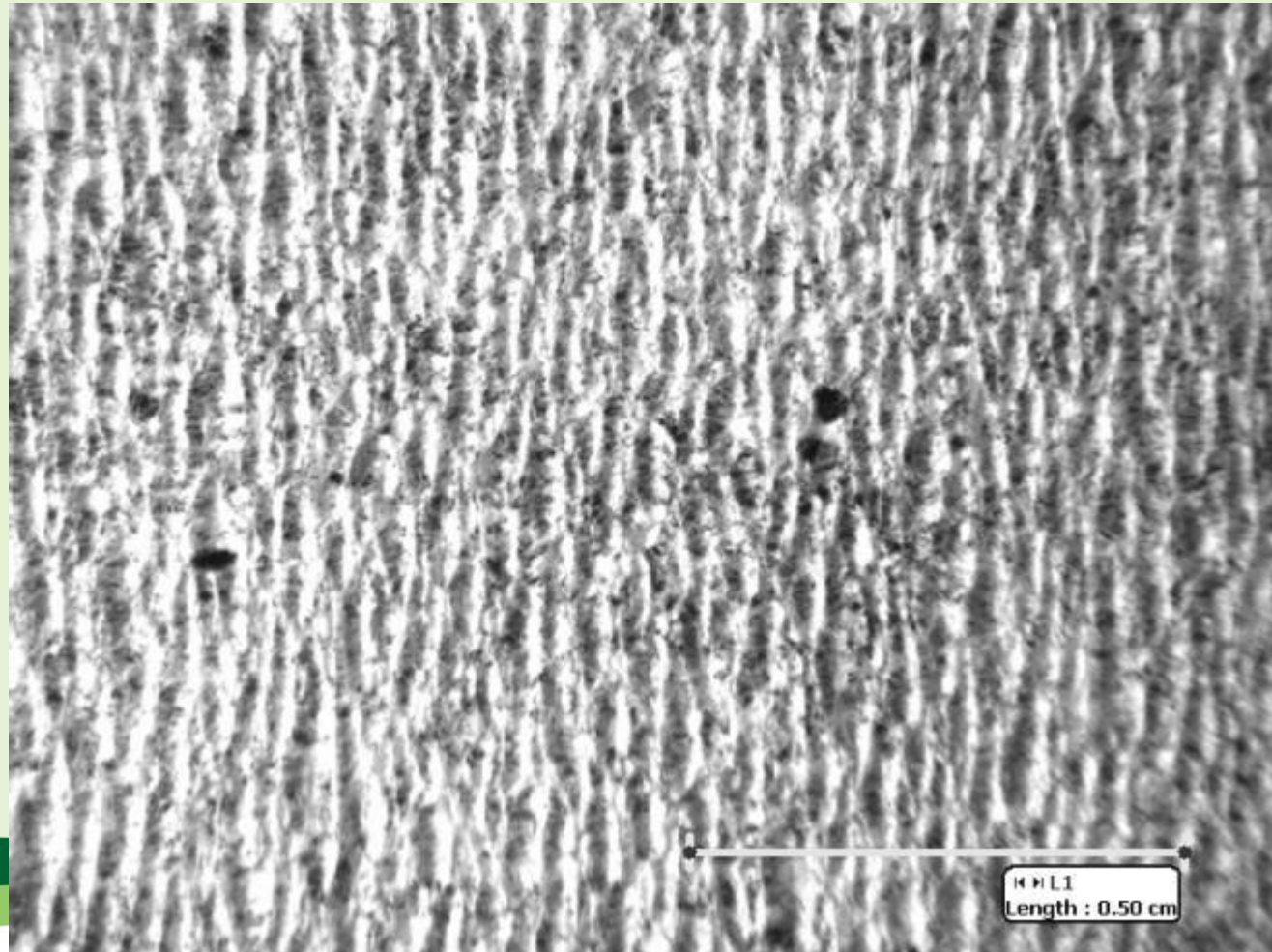


FORMATION AND THE CREPING TRANSFORMATION



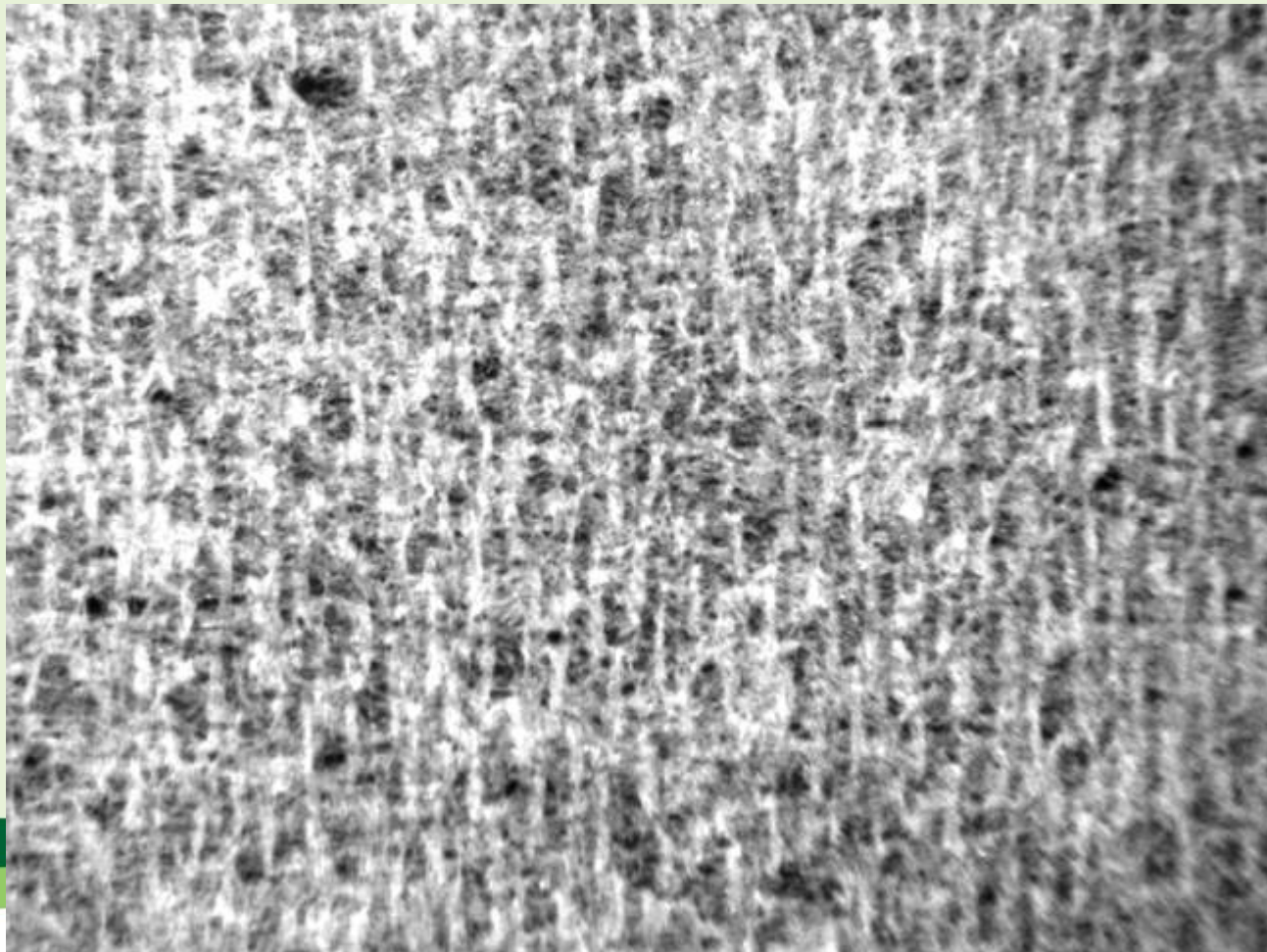
FFT TECHNIQUE / CASE STUDY A

Crepe Structure
10X



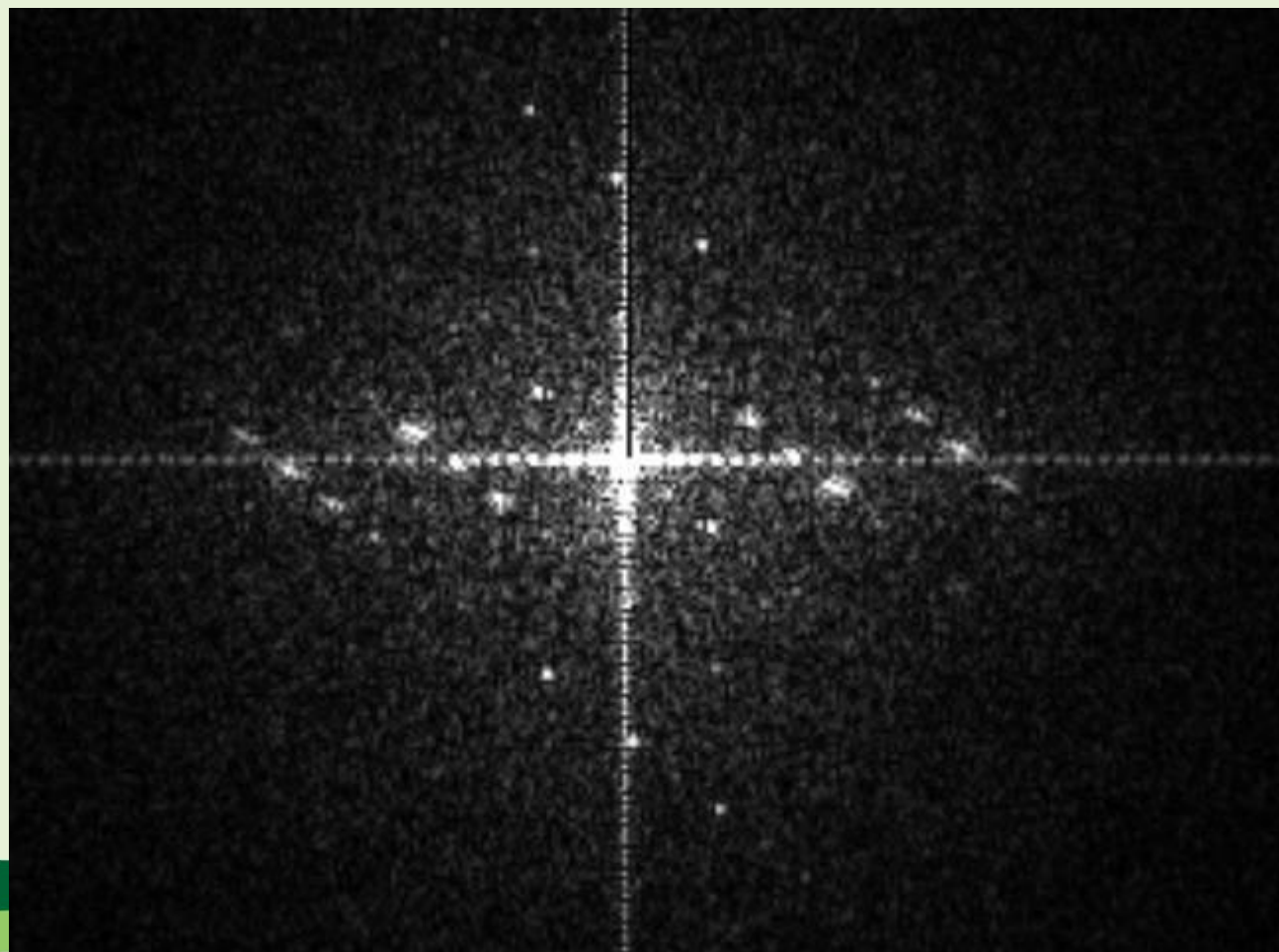
FFT TECHNIQUE

Formation
Original Image
10X



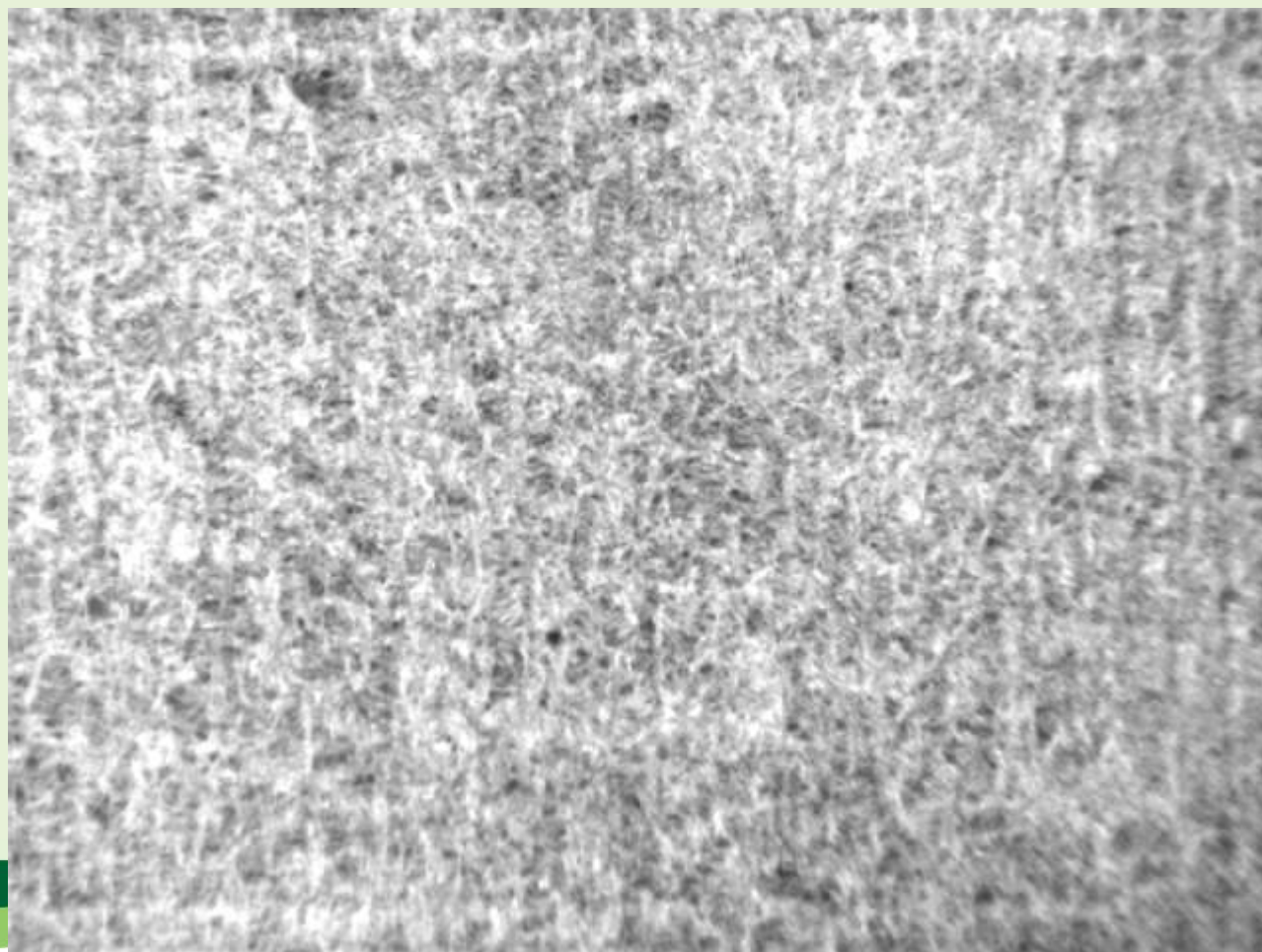
FFT TECHNIQUE

Frequency
Spectrum



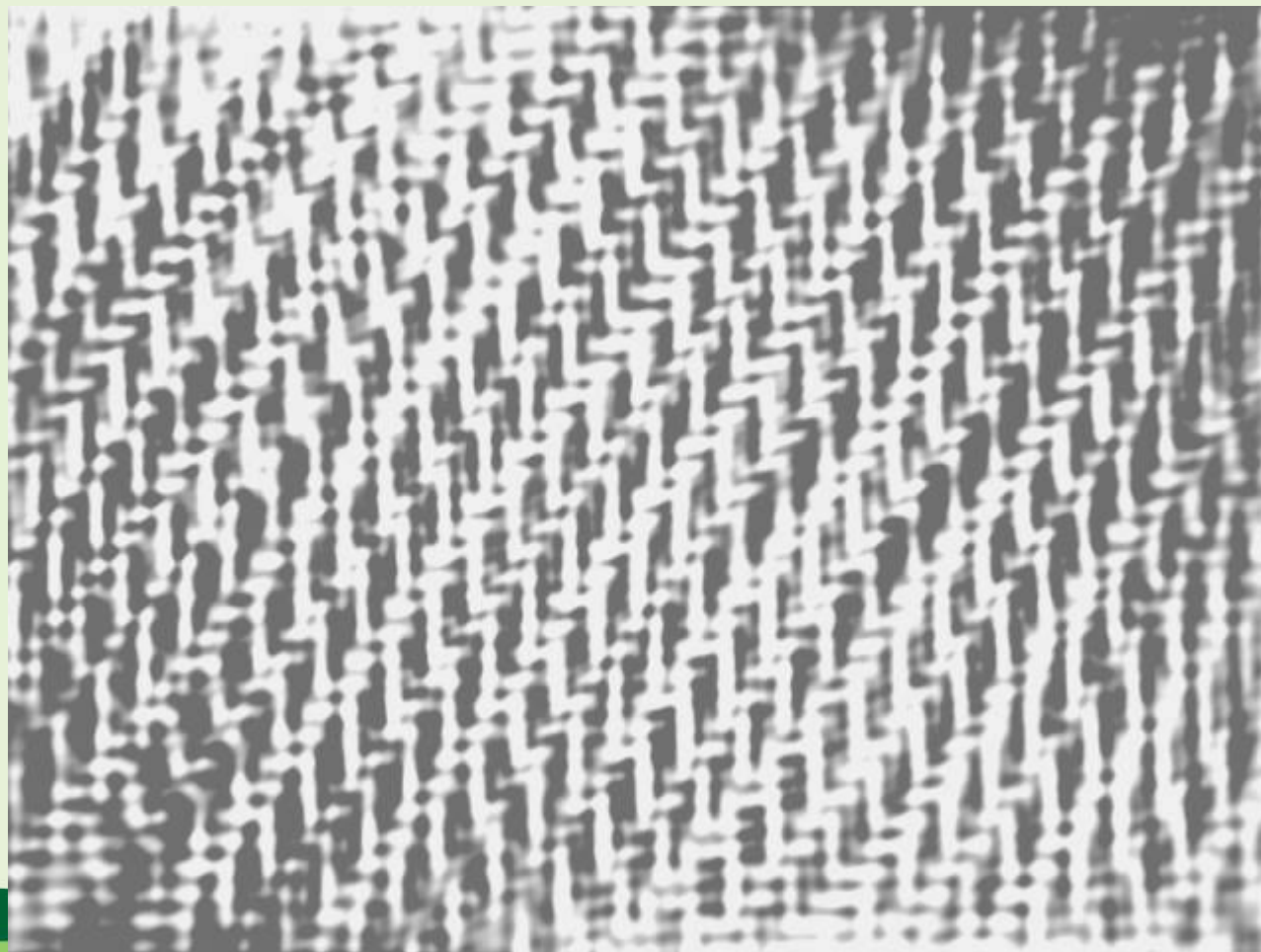
FFT TECHNIQUE

Original Image
With
Embedded Structures
Removed

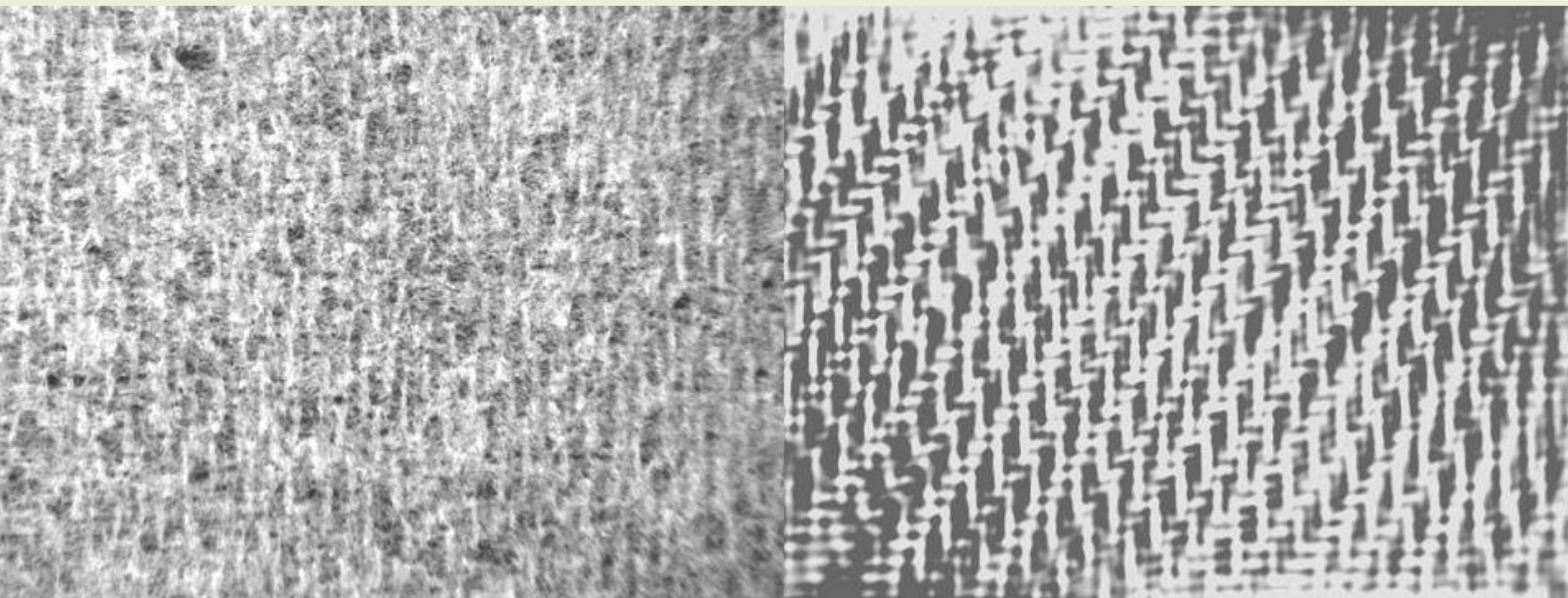


FFT TECHNIQUE

Embedded
Structures



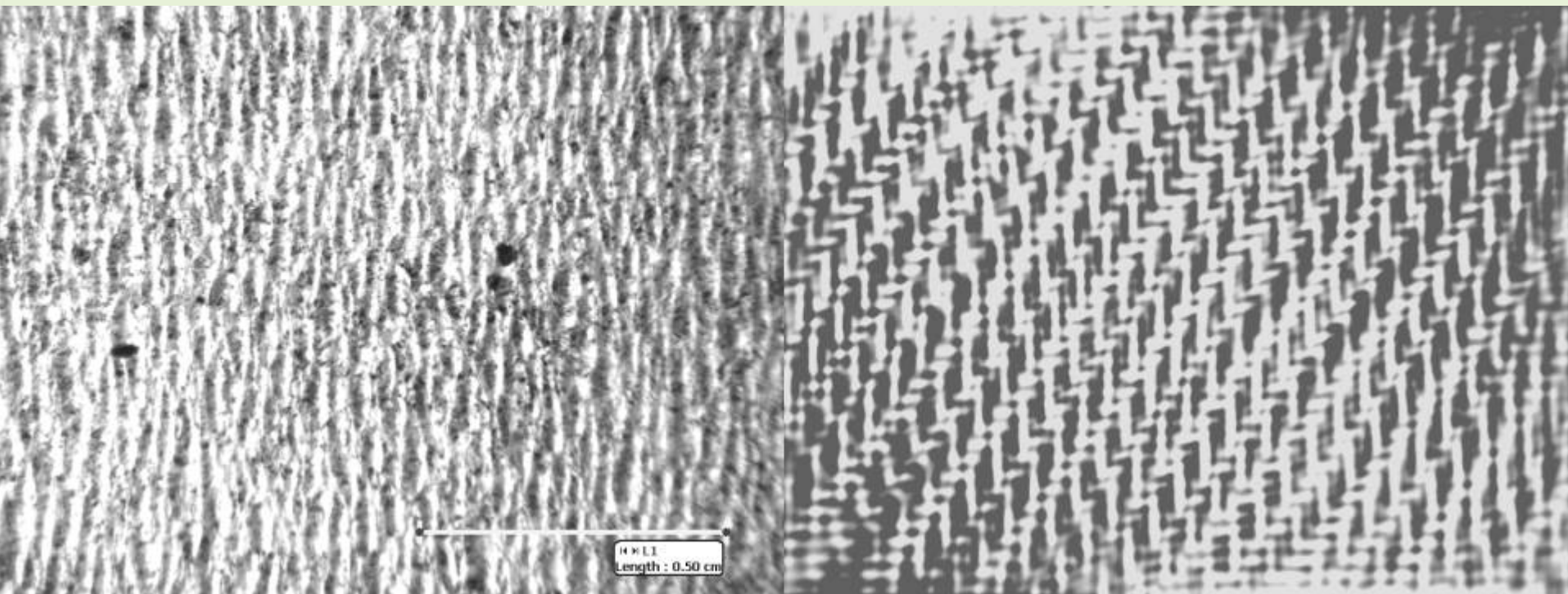
FFT TECHNIQUE



Original Formation Image

Embedded Structures

FFT TECHNIQUE



Crepe Structure

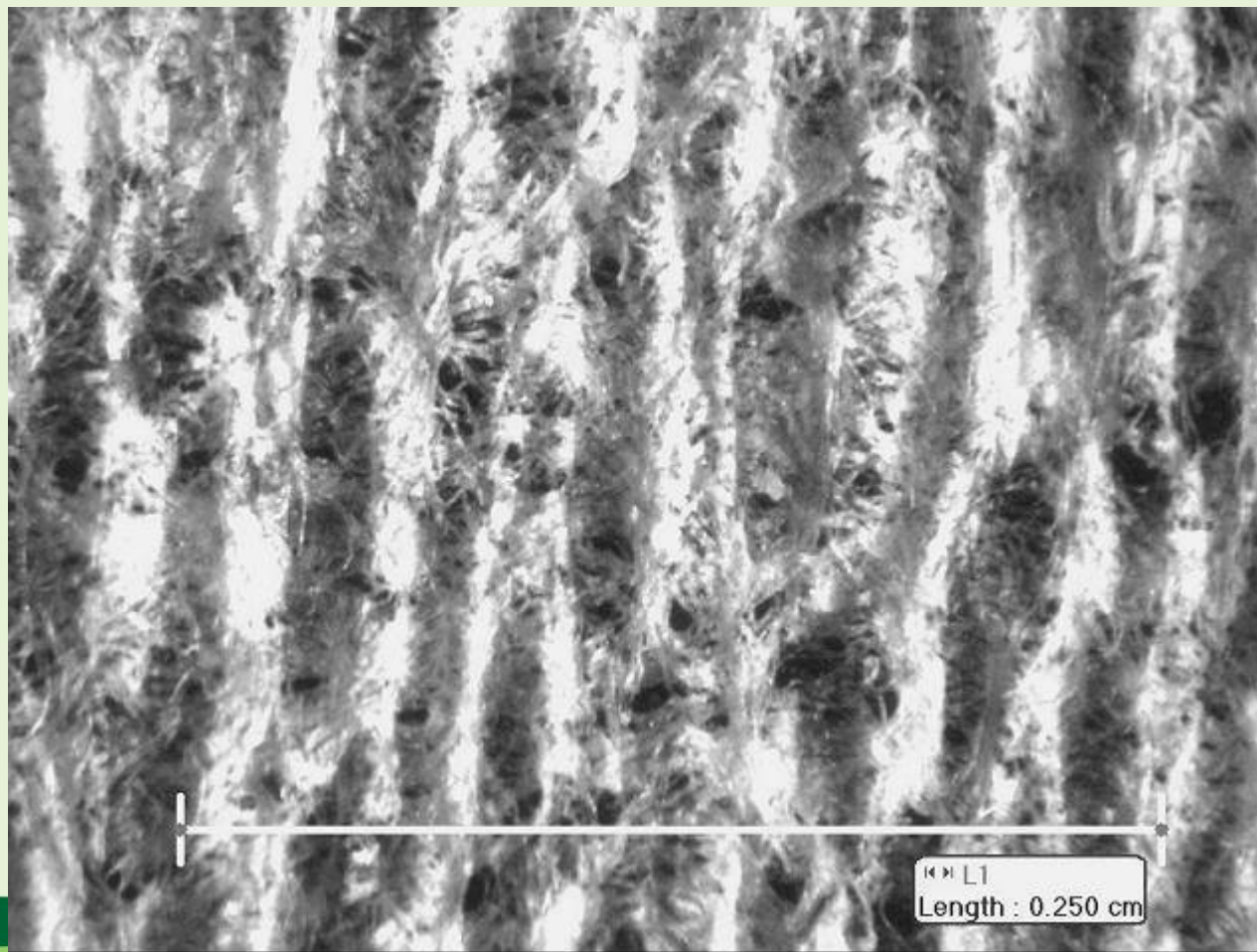
Embedded Structures

CASE STUDY A – BASE NALCO

sua empresa aqui

CONDITION

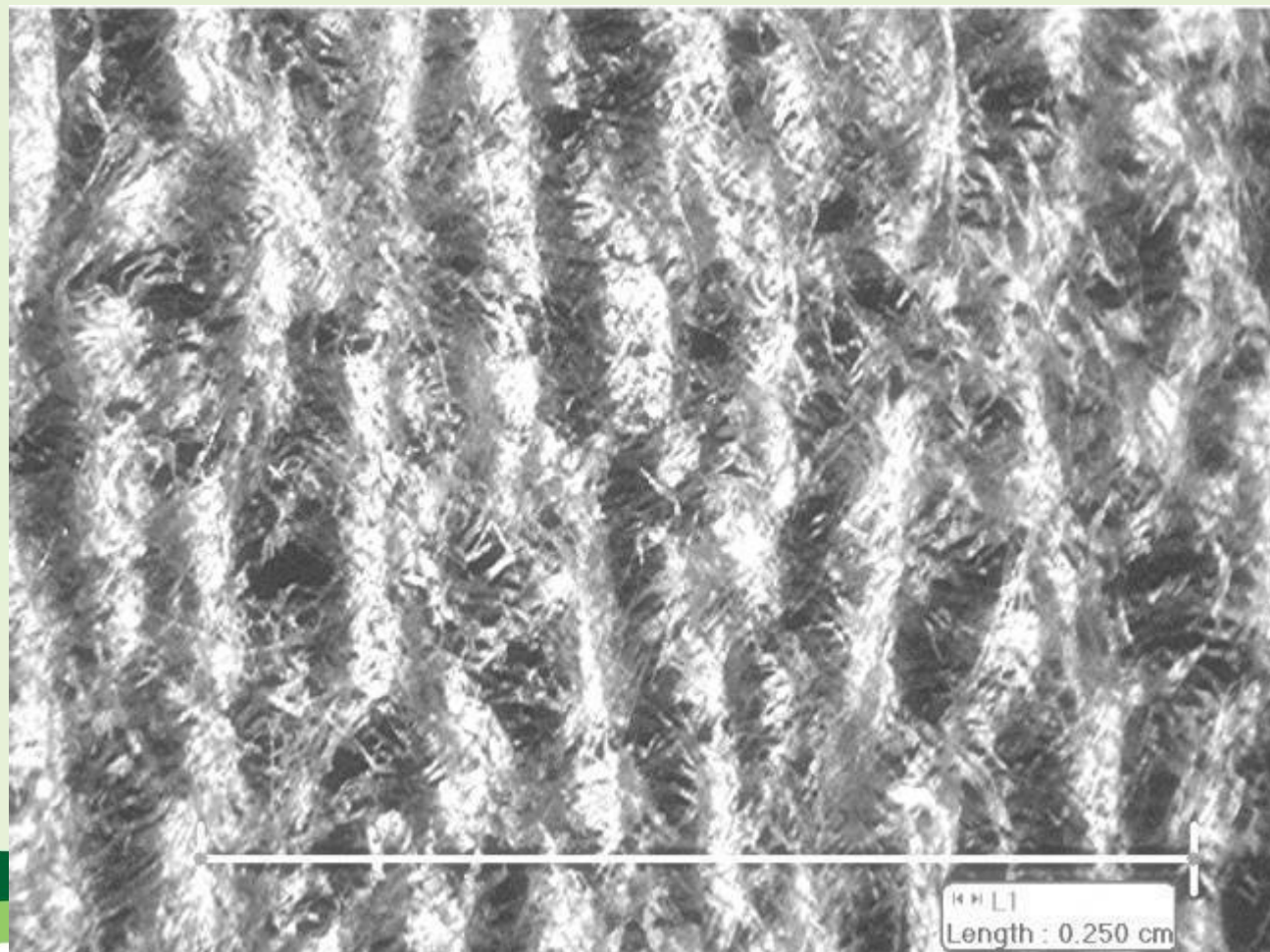
Crepe Structure
40X



CASE STUDY A – TRIAL

CONDITION

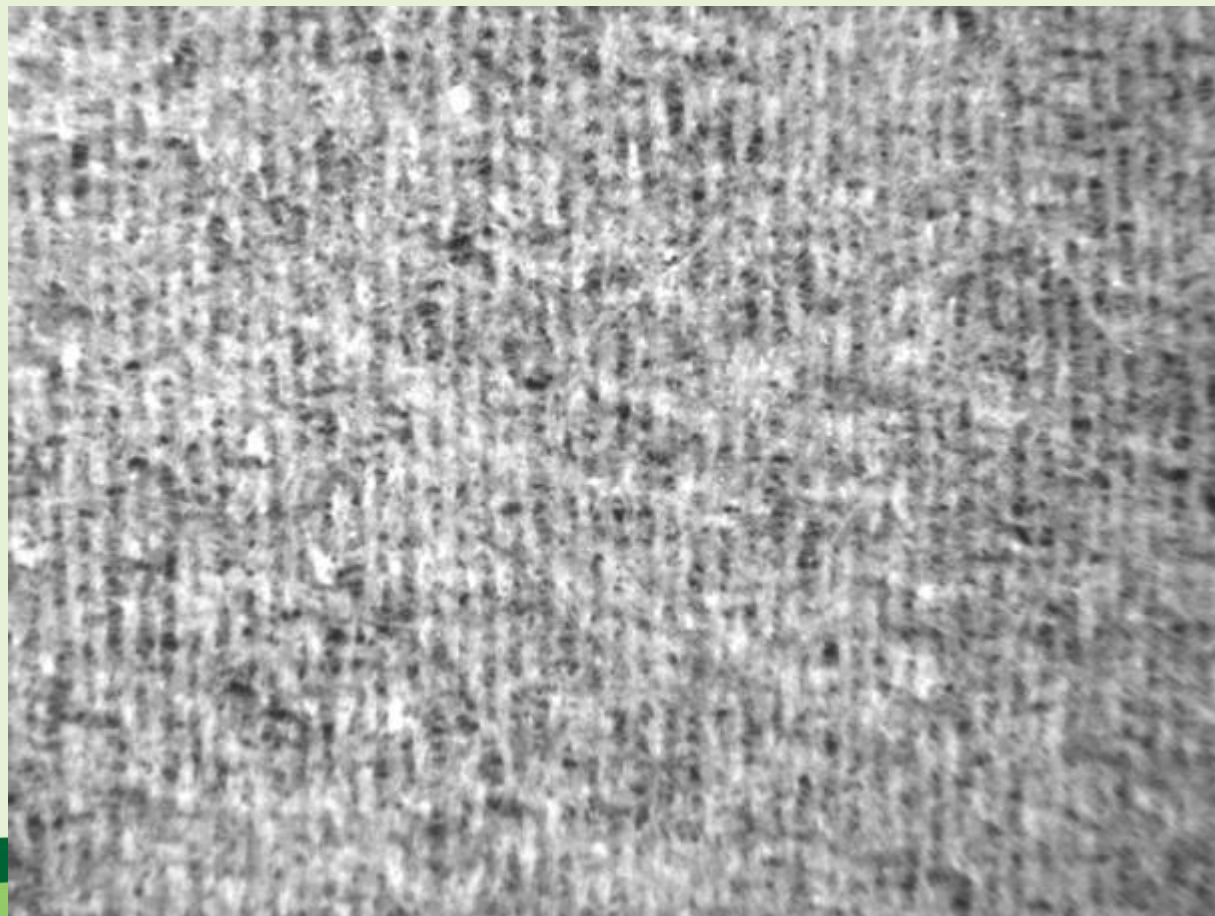
Trial Condition
Crepe Structure
40X



CASE STUDY B – OLD FABRIC FROMATION

Embedded
Cross Directional
Structures

CD



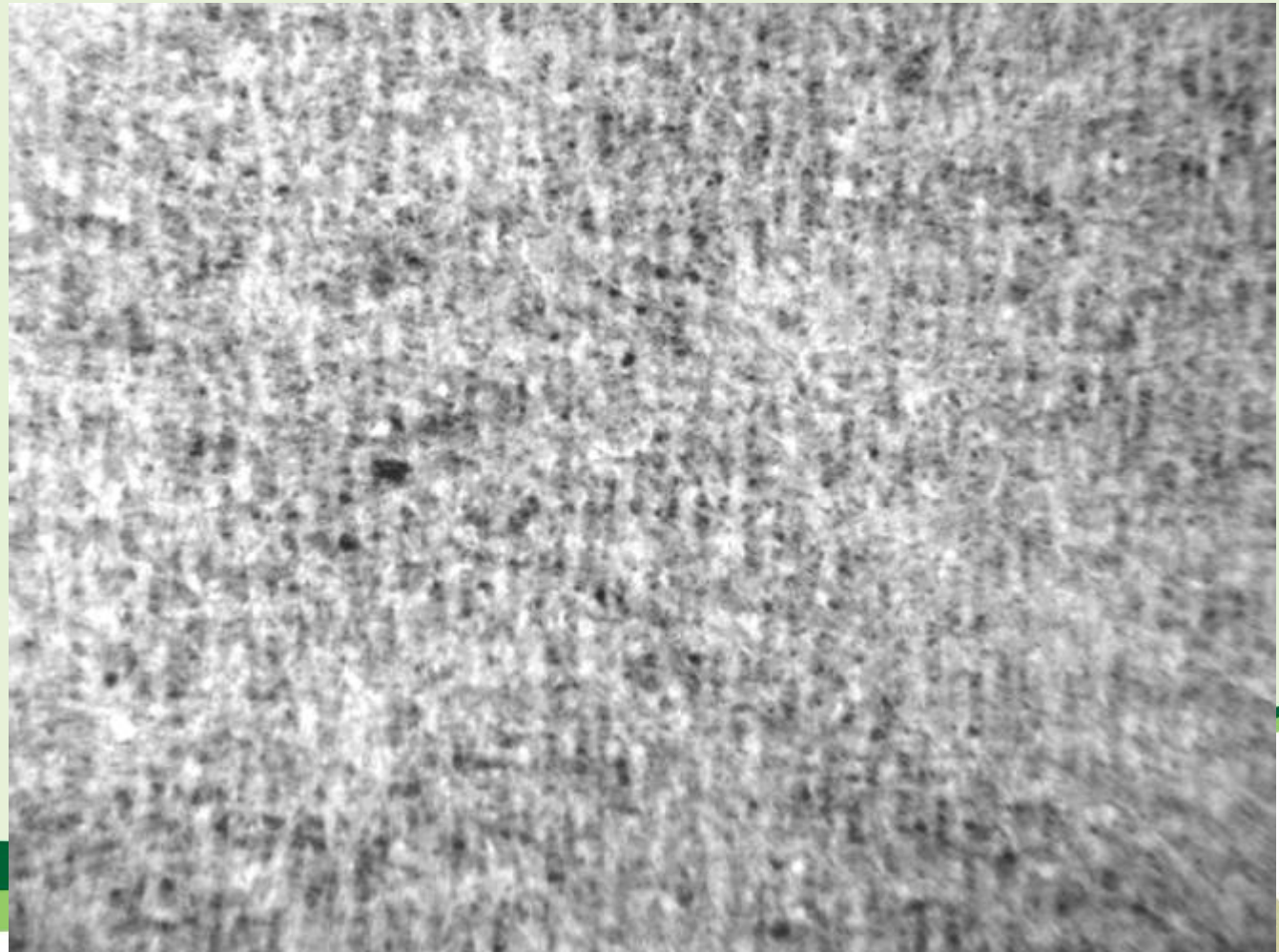
CASE STUDY B – OLD FABRIC

Embedded
Structures



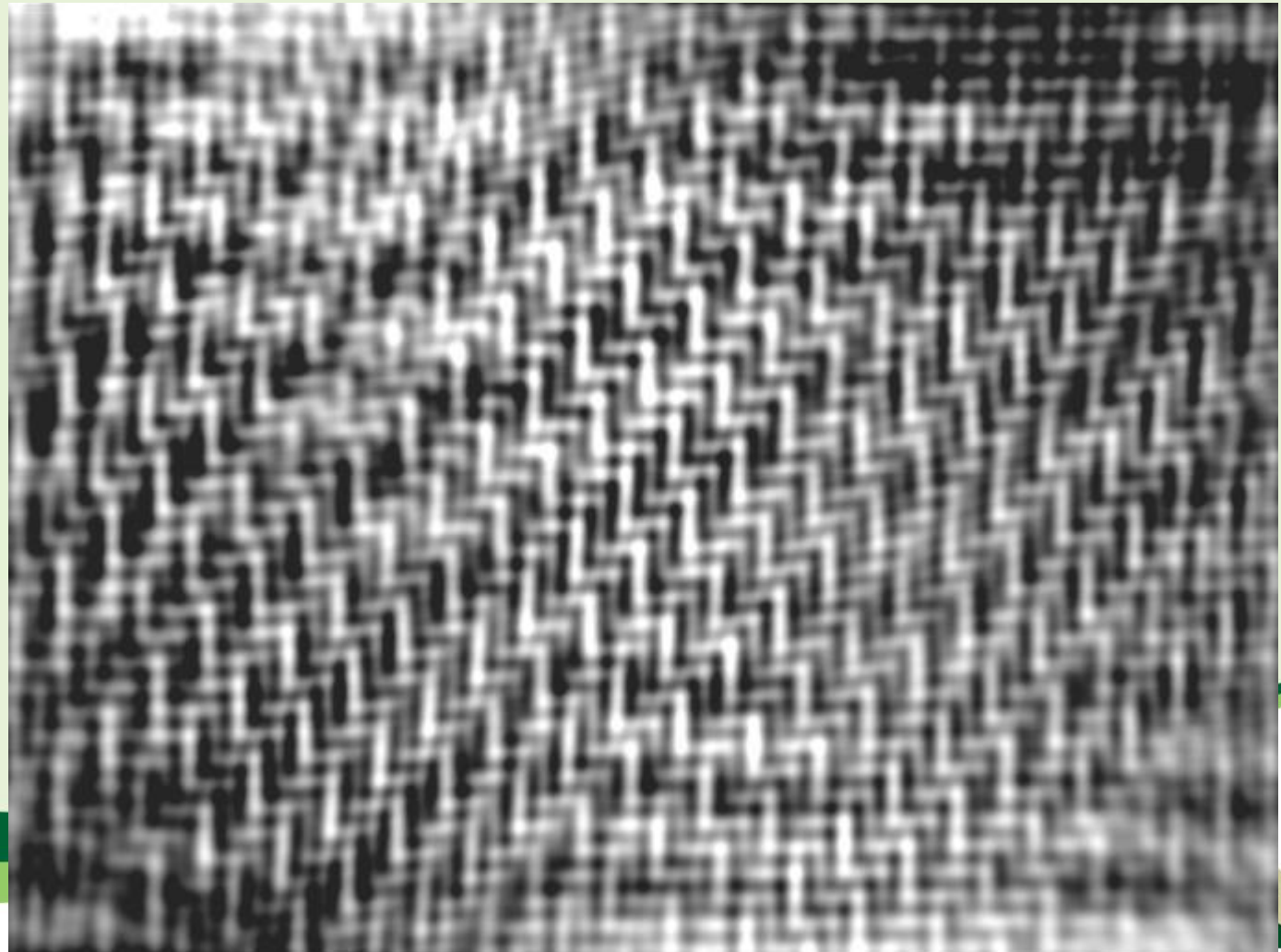
CASE STUDY B – NEW FABRILCO FORMATION

Minimal
Appearance of
Embedded
Structures

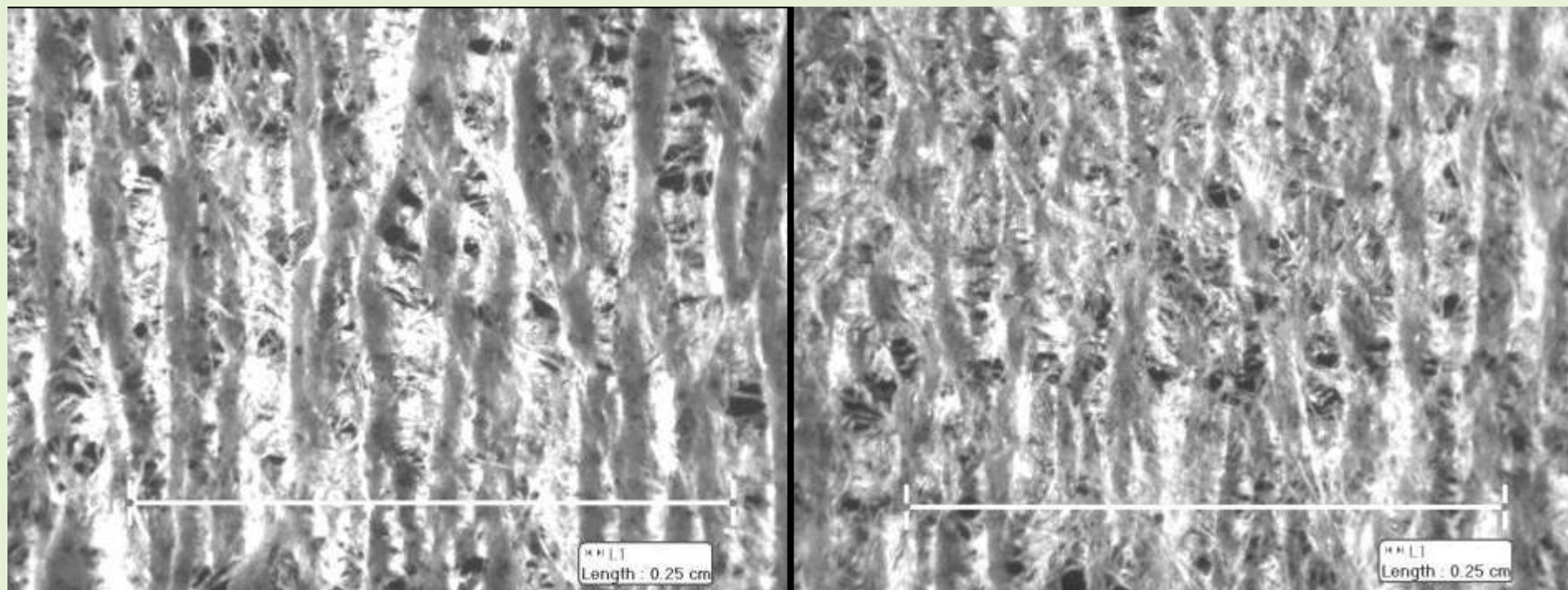


CASE STUDY B – NEW FABRIC

Embedded
Structures



CASE STUDY – CREPE STRUCTURE OLD vs. NEW



Conclusions

- Wire design and the forming process can have a significant impact on the Embedded Structures within the tissue sheet.
- Embedded Structures can significantly impact the creping transformations and resultant characteristics.
- Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) technologies can open the door to understanding Embedded Structures and ultimately the potential of the creping process.

Obrigado !